- Which one of the following statements is FALSE?
  - 1) During reasting, moisture is removed from the ore
  - 21 The ore is freed from almost all nonmetallic impurities
  - 3) Calcination of ore is carried out in the obsence of any blast of air.
  - The concentrated zinc blende is subjected to calcination during its extraction by pyrometallurgy.
- 2. Which one of the following sets of quantum numbers represents the highest energy level in an atom?

1) 
$$n=4$$
,  $l=0$ ,  $m=0$ ,  $s=\pm \frac{1}{2}$  2)  $n=3$ ,  $l=1$ ,  $m=1$ ,  $s=\pm \frac{1}{2}$ 

2) 
$$n = 3$$
,  $l = 1$ ,  $m = 1$ ,  $s = \pm \frac{1}{2}$ 

3) 
$$n=3$$
,  $l=2$ ,  $m=-2$ ,  $s=\pm \frac{1}{2}$ 

3) 
$$n=3$$
,  $l=2$ ,  $m=-2$ ,  $s=\pm \frac{1}{2}$  4)  $n=3$ ,  $l=0$ ,  $m=0$ ,  $s=\pm \frac{1}{2}$ 

- When  $O_{z}$  is converted into  $O_{z}^{*}$ :
  - 1) both paramagnetic character and bond order increase
  - 2) bond order decreases
  - 3) paramagnetic character increases
  - 4) paramagnetic character decreases and the bond order increases
- In chromite ore, the exidation number of iron and chromium are respectively

The number of naturally occurring p-block elements that are diamagnetic is

					28-1		
6.		nergies of the two pl	notons are in the ri	itie of 3:2, their	wavelengths will be in		
		9:4	21	2:3			
	3)	1:2	4)	3:8			
7.	Which o	ne of these is NOT	TRUE for benzene				
	<ol> <li>There are three carbon-carbon single bonds and three carbon-carbon double bonds.</li> </ol>						
	2)	2) It forms only one type of monosubstituted product					
	3)	3) The bond angle between carbon-carbon bonds is 120°.					
	4) Heat of hydrogenation of benzene is less than the theoretical value.						
8.	Generally, the first ionization energy increases along a period. But there are some exceptions. The one which is NOT an exception is						
	<b>1</b> 1	Na and Mg	21	Be and $B$			
	3)	N and $O$	1.7	Mg and Al			
9.	Out of the given two compounds, the vapour pressure of B at a particular temperature OH NO.						
	1) lower than that of A			[0]			
	2)	2) higher than that of A  3) same as that of A  NO					
	3)						
	4) higher or lower than A depending on the size of the vessel						
10.	Increasing order of carbon-carbon bond length for the following is						
	$C_{2}$	$H_1 = C_2 H_2$	$C_0H_0$	$C_{\bullet}H_{\bullet}$			
	(A	n2:	(C)	(D)			
		- PromPi					

1) B < C < A < D

2) (' < B < A < D

3) B < A < C < D

4) D < C < A < B

(Space for Rough Work)

- - 1) 31.5

2) 75

3) 25

- 4): 40.2
- - 1) 10 cm

2) 12 cm

3) 16.2 cm

- 4) 21.0 cm
- 13. The rms velocity of hydrogen is √7 times the rms velocity of nitrogen. If T is the temperature of the gas, which of the following is true?
  - 11  $T_{N_s} = T_{H_s}$

2)  $T_{H\alpha} = \sqrt{7} T_{N\alpha}$ 

3)  $T_{N_a} = 2T_{H_a}$ 

- 4)  $T_{N_0} = \sqrt{7} T_{H_0}$
- 14. 25 g of each of the following gases are taken at 27°C and 600 mm pressure. Which of these will have the least volume?
  - 11 HBr

2) HCl

31 HF

- 4) HI
- - 1.292 kJ

2) 2.292 kJ

3) 0,292 loJ

41 22.9 kJ

- - 1) -100

21 + 100

3) 4342

- 41 342
- 17. Based on the first law of thermodynamics, which one of the following is correct?
  - 1) For an isothermal process, q = +w
  - 2) For an isochoric process,  $\Delta U = -q$
  - 3) For an adiabatic process,  $\Delta U = -\kappa$
  - For a cyclic process, q = -w
- 18. Consider the following gaseous equilibria with equilibrium constants  $K_i$  and  $K_j$  respectively.

$$SO_{x(g)} + \frac{1}{2}O_{x(g)} \rightleftharpoons SO_{x(g)}$$

$$2SO_{turr} = 2SO_{x,y} + O_{t(x)}$$

The equilibrium constants are related as

$$2K_1 = K_2^2$$

2) 
$$K_1^s = \frac{1}{K_d}$$

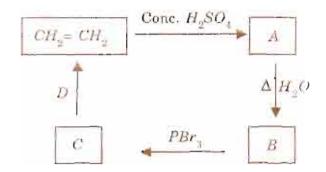
$$K_2^2 = \frac{1}{K_1}$$

$$A) K_2 = \frac{2}{K_2^2}$$

During the adsorption of Krypton on activated charcoal at low temperature;

- D  $\Delta H < 0$  and  $\Delta S < 0$
- 2)  $\Delta H > 0$  and  $\Delta S < 0$
- I)  $\Delta H > 0$  and  $\Delta S > 0$
- 4)  $\Delta H < 0$  and  $\Delta S > 0$
- 20. For the reversible reaction, A<sub>iji</sub> + B<sub>igij</sub> === C<sub>(g)</sub> + D<sub>(g)</sub> ΔG'' = -350kJ, which one of the following statements is true?
  - The reaction is thermodynamically nonfeasible.
  - 21 The entropy change is negative.
  - 3) Equilibrium constant is greater than one.
  - 4) The reaction should be instantaneous.

21. Identify B and D in the following sequence of reactions.



- 1) Methanol and bromoethane
- 2) Ethyl hydrogen sulphate and alcoholic KOH
- 3) Ethyl hydrogen sulphate and aqueous KOH
- 4) Ethanol and alcoholic KOH
- - 11 butan-1-ol

- 2) butan-2-ol
- 3) 2-methyl propan-2-ol
- 4) 2-methyl propan-1-ol
- 23. Ethyl benzene CANNOT be prepared by ......
  - 1) Wurtz reaction

- 2) Wurtz-Fittig reaction
- 31 Friedel-Crafts reaction
- 4) Clemmenson reduction
- 1.2 g of organic compound on Kjeldahlization liberates ammonia which consumes 30 cm<sup>3</sup> of 1 N HCl. The percentage of nitrogen in the organic compound is ..........
  - 1) 30

2, 35

3) 46.67

- 4) 20.8
- 25. Carbon cannot reduce Fe,O, to Fe at a temperature below 983 K because .......
  - free energy change for the formation of CO is more negative than that of Fr O.
  - CO is thermodynamically more stable than Fe<sub>1</sub>O<sub>1</sub>
  - 3) carbon has higher affinity towards oxygen than sron
  - 4) iron has higher affinity towards oxygen than carbon

26.	The yellow precipitate formed during the chromyl chloride test is chemically				
	() chromic acid	2) lead chromate			
	3) lend acetate	4) sodium chromate			
27.	One gram of silver gets distributed between 10 cm <sup>3</sup> of molten zinc and 100 cm <sup>3</sup> of molten lead at 800°C. The percentage of silver still left in the lead layer is approximately				
	0.8	MG A			
	3) H	91			
28.	Which one of the following is true?				
	NaOH is used in the concentration of bauxite ore.				
	<ol> <li>NaOH is a primary standard in volumetric analysis.</li> </ol>				
	3) Manganous hydroxide is soluble in excess of NaOH solution.				
	a) NaOH solution does not react with $CI_{\gamma}$ .				
29.	In Ramsay and Rayleigh's isolation of noble gases from air, the nitrogen of the air is finally converted into				
	1) NaNO2 only	2) NO and NO <sub>2</sub>			
	NaNO, only	4) NaNO, and NaNO,			
30.	The spin only magnetic moment of $Fe^{i \cdot \cdot}$ ion (in BM) is approximately				
	( ) - ·	<b>₩</b> ) 7			
	(n-5)	49 S			
-	1/9	2000 for David, Wards			

- 31. The IUPAC name of the complex [Co(NH<sub>1</sub>), Cl<sub>2</sub>] Cl is ......
  - 1) dichloro tetraammine cobalt (III) chloride
    - 2) tetraammine dichloro cobalt (III) chloride
    - 3) tetraammine dichloro cobalt (II) chloride
    - 4) tetraammine dichloro cobalt (IV) chloride
- - 1)  $287 \times 10^{-2}$

 $2! 143.5 \times 10^{-3}$ 

3) 143.5 × 10 3

- 4) 287 × 10 3
- 33. The following data were obtained during the first order decomposition of 2A<sub>(g)</sub> → B<sub>(g)</sub> + C<sub>(s)</sub> at a constant volume and at a particular temperature.

Sr. No.	Time	Total pressure in Pascal	
1	At the end of 10 min	300	
2	After completion	200	

The rate constant in min-1 is ......

1) 0.0693

2) 69.3

31 6.93

- 4) 6.93 × 10<sup>-1</sup>
- 34. The time required for 100% completion of a zero order reaction is
  - 1) ak

 $21 - \frac{a}{2k}$ 

3) 0

- 4)  $\frac{2h}{a}$
- - 10.01

2) 0.1

3) 0.02

41 0.001

- 36. pH value of which one of the following is NOT equal to one?
  - 1): 0.1 M CH,COOH
  - 2) 0.1 M HNO
  - 3) 0.05 M H SO.
    - 50 cm2 0.4 M HCl + 50 cm3 0.2 M NaOH
- - D pK

2)  $pK_n + 2$ 

31 pK - Log 2

- 4) pKa +Log 2
- 38.  $H_2S$  is passed into one dra of a solution containing 0.1 mole of  $Zn^{zz}$  and 0.01 mole of  $Cu^{zz}$  till the sulphide ion concentration reaches  $8.1 \times 10^{-6}$  moles. Which one of the following statements is true?

 $|K_{a}|$  of ZnS and CuS are  $3 \times 10^{-22}$  and  $6 \times 10^{-36}$  respectively

- Only ZnS precipitates
- 2) Both CuS and ZnS precipitate
- 3) Only CuS precipitates
- 4) No precipitation occurs
- 39.  $E_1$ ,  $E_2$  and  $E_3$  are the emfs of the following three galvanic cells respectively:
  - (if  $Zn(s) | Zn^{s}(0.1 M) | Cu^{s}(1 M) | Cu(s)$
  - (ii) Zn(s) | Zn2 (1M) || Cu2 (1M) | Cu(s)
  - (in) Zn(s) | Zn2-11M) || Cu2-(0.1M) | Cu(s)

Which one of the following is true?

1)  $E_s \simeq E_r = E_n$ 

21 E = E

E<sub>j</sub> > E<sub>j</sub> > E<sub>j</sub>

- 4)  $E_i > E_i > 1$
- 10. 0.023 g of sodium metal is reacted with 100 cm of water. The pH of the resulting solution is
  - 101 30
  - 31 9

1.9

- 41. The standard emf of a galvanic cell involving 2 moles of electrons in its redox reaction is 0.59 V. The equilibrium constant for the redox reaction of the cell is \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ 1) 10 21 10 33 10 41 1010 42. 9.65 coulombs of electric current is passed through fused anhydrous MgCl., The magnesium metal thus obtained is completely converted into a Grignard reagent. The number of moles of Grignard reagent obtained is .....
  - 1) 5 × 10-4 2) 1× 10-4 41 1×10 h 3) 5 × 10 4
- 43. The empirical formula of a nonelectrolyte is CHO. A solution containing 3 g of the compound exerts the same osmotic pressure as that of 0.05 M giucose solution. The molecular formula of the compound is .....
  - 2) C.H.O. CH\_O 3) C.H.O. 41 CHO.
- Which one of the following is a covalent crystal?
  - 2) Ice 1) Rock salt 3) Quartz 4) Dry 1
- Which one of the following DOES NOT involve coagulation?
  - 1) Clotting of blood by the use of ferric chloride
  - 2) Formation of delta region
  - 3) Treatment of drinking water by potasi, alun-
  - 4) Pentization

46. A solution of two liquids boils at a temperature more than the boiling point of either of them. Hence, the binary solution shows It negative deviation from Rapult's law 2) positive deviation from Rapult's law 3) no deviation from Raoult's law 4) positive or negative deviation from Raoult's law depending upon the composition 47. Which one of the nitrogen atoms in H<sub>2</sub>N -NH -C -NH<sub>2</sub> is the most nucleophilic? I II III . . [ -31 3) 4) All three nitrogen atoms are equally strong nucleophilic centers 48. The maximum number of possible optical isomers in 1-bromo-2-methyl cyclobutane 1) 4 2) 2 .3) 8 4) 16 49. Which one of the following is the most energetic conformation of cyclohexano? D Boat 2) Twisted boat 31 Chair 4) Half chair 50. Which one of the following is an intermediate in the reaction of beasene with CH,Cl in the presence of anhydrous A/Cl.? 2) CH; 11 67

(Space for Rough Work)

3) CH

- 51. Which one of the following is NOT TRUE for the hydrolysis of t-butyl bromide with nqueous NaOH?
  - 1) Reaction occurs through the Sol mechanism.
  - 2) The intermediate formed is a carbocation.
  - 3) Rate of the reaction doubles when the concentration of alkali is doubled.
  - Rate of the reaction doubles when the concentration of t-butyl bromide is doubled.
- Following is the substitution reaction in which -CN replaces -Cl.

$$R-Cl + \frac{KCN}{(alcoholio)} \longrightarrow R-CN + KCl$$

To obtain propagaitrile, R-Cl should be .....

1) chloroethane

2) 1-chloropropane

31 chloromethane

- 4) 2-chloropropane
- 53. The conversion of m-nitrophenol to resorcinal involves respectively
  - hydrolysis, diazotization and reduction
  - 2) diazetization, reduction and hydrolysis
  - 3) hydrolysis, reduction and diazotization
  - 4) reduction, diazotization and hydrolysis
- 54. Formic acid is a stronger acid than acetic acid. This can be explained using
  - 11 +M effect

21 -I offect

3) +1 effect

- 41 -M effect
- 55. The reagent with which both acetaldehyde and acetone react is ......
  - 1) Fehling's solution
- 2) 1, / NaOH

d) Tollens' reagent.

4) Carbonic acid

- 56. Which of the following gives an aldehyde on dry distillation."
  - 1) Calcium formate + calcium acetate
  - 2) Calcium ocetate + calcium bengoate
  - 3) Calcium acetate
  - 4. Calcium benzante
- 57. or-maltose consists of ....
  - 1) one α-D-glucopyranose unit and one β-D-glucopyranose unit with 1-2 glycosidic linkage
  - two or D gluropyranese units with 1-2 glyconidic linkage.
  - 2) two B-D-glucopyranose units with 1-4 glycosidic linkage
  - two a D glucopyranose units with 1-4 glycomdic linkage

0

- 58. Which one of the following DOES NOT correctly match with each other?
  - 1) Silk-polyamide

2) Lipase-enzyme

3) Butter-fat

- 4) Osytocia-eazyme
- 59. In an alkaline medium, glycine predominantly exists as in man
  - 1) cution

2) amon

EWILLETION

- 4) covalent form:
- 60. The IUPAC name of OH is ...
  - but 3 enac acid

2) but-1-ends soul

pent-denoic acid

1) prop-2 timete acid